

**Decree #429**

of

**The Government of Georgia**

on

**Approval of the Rule of Carrying Out the Phytosanitary Border Quarantine and  
Veterinary Border-Quarantine Control**

**December 31, 2010. Tbilisi**

**Article 1.**

- a) Rule of carrying out the phytosanitary border- quarantine control along with the annexes attached;
- b) Rule of carrying out the veterinary border-quarantine control along with the annexes attached shall be approved In compliance with the Section 8 of the Article 214 of the Tax Code of Georgia.

**Article 2.** Joint Order #987 - N2 - 184 of the Minister of Finance of Georgia and the Minister of Agriculture of Georgia "on Approval of the Rule of Carrying out the Phytosanitary Border Quarantine and State Veterinary Border-Quarantine Control" made on December 31, 2008 shall be repealed immediately upon the present decree enters into force.

**Article 3.** This decree shall become effective from January 1, 2011.

Prime-Minister  
Nika Gilauri

**Rule of the Carrying Out the Phytosanitary Border-Quarantine Control**

**Chapter I**

**General Provisions**

**Article 1. Purpose and the scope of the law**

1. The Rule of carrying out the phytosanitary border-quarantine control (hereinafter referred to as - phytosanitary rule) lays down the procedures to prevent the introduction and spread of the harmful organisms of plant and plant products within the country. The phytosanitary rule has been elaborated in order to ensure the observance of the principles and the provisions under the International Plant Protection Convention (IPPC) approved by the UN FAO on December 6, 1951. The requirements under the relevant EU regulation including

COUNCIL DIRECTIVE 2000/29/EC of May, 8 2000 on Protective Measures Against the Introduction into the Community of Organisms Harmful to Plants or Plant Products and Against their Spread within the Community have been taken into consideration.

2. Phytosanitary rule applies to the import, re-export, export and transit of the commodities defined under the Order #2-9 of the Minister of Agriculture of Georgia made on January 18, 2008 on "Approval of the List of Products, Materials and Articless which are subject to phytosanitary Quarantine". It may apply to the storage, packaging, vehicles, containers and other organisms, articless or materials which are potential carriers or shelter of the harmful organisms.

## **Article 2. Definitions**

The terms used in this Rule have the following meanings:

- a) **Analysis (Test)** - non-visual inspection conducted to reveal or identify the harmful organisms.
- b) **Prohibition** - Phytosanitary regulation which prohibits the import or transit of the commodities and specific harmful organism.
- c) **Issuing body** - National Food Agency LEPL of the Ministry of Agriculture of Georgia and Revenue Service LEPL of the Ministry of Finance of Georgia.
- d) **Additional declaration** - specific additional information about the state of the consignment required by the importing country which must be embedded in the Phytosanitary certificate
- e) **Processing** - Procedures for destruction, inactivation, sterilization or devitalisation of the harmful organisms.
- f) **Infestation** - existence of live organisms in the commodities representing the harmful organism of the plant or plant product. Infestation implies infection.
- g) **Devitalisation** - Procedure after which the plants and plant products lose ability of germination, growth and reproduction.
- h) **Documentary checks** - Phytosanitary procedure for checks of phytosanitary certificate (permit in case the law envisages) and other attached documents of the articles under regulation.
- i) **Visual inspection** - physical check of the plants, plant products or other articless for the identification of the harmful organisms with naked eyes, magnifier, binoculars or microscope without analysis and processing.
- j) **Zone** - specific country, the part of the country or several countries or the parts of these countries.
- k) **Pest free area** - zone where the absence of the given harmful organisms is scientifically proved and where the maintenance of the absence is provided upon necessity.
- l) **Inspection** - visual inspection of plants, plant products and other materials subject to phytosanitary control in order to reveal the presence of the harmful organisms and/or ensure compliance with the phytosanitary measures
- m) **Introduction** - introduction of the harmful organisms followed by their acclimatization.
- n) **Identity checks** - phytosanitary procedure which ascertains that the products correspond to the information given in the accompanying phytosanitary certificate or documents with the regulated articles as well as laying down the packaging, labeling and transporting terms.
- o) **Quarantine** - detainment of the regulated articless for observance, investigation or further inspection, analysis and treatment.
- p) **Contamination** - presence of the harmful organism or other regulated articless in the commodities, at the storage place or in the means of transport or container which does not imply contagion.
- q) **Pest** - any species, strain or biotype of plant, animal or pathogenic agent injurious to plants or plant products.
- r) **Plants** - living plants and their parts including seeds and plant genetic materials.
- s) **Plant products** - products of plant origin, (including grains) and processed products which create the risk of the introduction and spread of harmful organisms subsequent to their nature and processing technology.
- t) **Control** - mandatory performance of the respective phytosanitary regulations as well as application of the necessary phytosanitary procedures in order to

eliminate or localize the quarantine harmful organisms or manage the regulated non-quarantine harmful organisms.

- u) **Regulated articles** - any plant, plant products, storage place, packaging, means of transport, containers, soil and other organisms, articles or material where the presence of the harmful organisms is possible or which helps their spread, for which the phytosanitary measures shall be taken especially when it deals with the international transits.
- v) **Regulated harmful organism** - quarantine harmful organism or regulated non-quarantine harmful organisms.
- w) **Regulated non-quarantine harmful organism** - non-quarantine harmful organism the presence of which in plants intended for planting and in seeds gives economically undesirable effect while using these plants as they are intended for. Therefore, they are regulated on the territory of the contracting party during import.
- x) **Responsible person for the regulated article** - owner, proprietor of the regulated articles or their representative.
- y) **Consignment intended for re-export** - imported consignment intended for further export. It is possible to store the consignment or to part it, to mix it with other consignment or to change its package only with the condition that they have not experienced of getting sick from the harmful organisms
- z) **Commodity** - plants, plant products or other materials which are transited for trade or other purposes.
  - aa) **Lot** - a number of units of a single commodity, identifiable by its homogeneity of composition and origin, and forming part of a consignment.
  - bb) **Quarantine area** - is considered to mean the zone where the quarantine harmful organism present and the preventive steps are taken against it.
  - cc) **Quarantine storage place**- place where the storage of plant and plant products are available for quarantine
  - dd) **Quarantine pest** - harmful organism which has the potential economical meaning for the dangerous zone where it has not been occurred yet or its spread is limited and is under the control (The list of the quarantine harmful organisms is established by the Order #2-13 of the Minister of Agriculture of Georgia on the "Approval of the list of the quarantine articles of the plant" made on January 31, 2006
  - ee) **Border Inspection Post** - the control zone located at the Georgian economic border, as well as the terminal or other place established by the Minister of Finance of Georgia where the phytosanitary border-quarantine control of the regulated articles is carried out;
  - ff) **Dangerous zone** - free zone in which a harmful organism will establish, given propitious ecological conditions, and its presence in this zone will result in a significant economical loss.
  - gg) **Consignment** - A certain quantity of plants, plant products and/or other materials being transited from one country to another and being covered by a single phytosanitary certificate upon necessity (a consignment may be composed of one or more types of commodities or lots);
  - hh) **Transit consignment** - consignment which is not intended for the import in the country but is transited to another country via this country without opening, partition, mixing with other consignments or modification of the package which have not been affected by the harmful organisms.
  - ii) **Authorized person** - a person from the Revenue Service with the relevant education and qualification who is conferred an authority for carrying out phytosanitary procedure.
  - jj) **Phytosanitary import requirements** - specific phytosanitary measures laid down by the importing country which deal with the consignments introduced to this country.
  - kk) **Phytosanitary procedure** - the method for application of phytosanitary measures which covers inspection, analysis, surveillance or treatment of the regulated articles.
  - ll) **Phytosanitary regulations** - Rule set out under the legislation which aims at prevention of introduction and/or spread of the quarantine harmful organisms, or reduction of the economical loss caused by the regulated non-quarantine harmful organism, including the procedures for the phytosanitary certification.

- mm) **Phytosanitary certification** - application of the phytosanitary procedures which results in issuing the phytosanitary certificate.
- nn) **Phytosanitary certificate** - A document issued by the National Food Agency LEPL or by the Revenue Service LEPL certifying the phytosanitary conditions of the regulated articles and prepared in compliance with the form approved under the International Plant Protection Convention (IPPC) (FAO 1997)
- oo) **Phytosanitary measures** - the relevant legislation which aims at prevention of introduction and/or spread of the quarantine harmful organisms, or reduction of the economical loss caused by the regulated non-quarantine harmful organism.
- pp) **Plant health control** - phytosanitary procedure intended for the inspection of the regulated articles.
- qq) **Introduction** - movement of the consignment within the zone through the point of entry.
- rr) **Point of entry** - the airport, the port or the inland frontier point which is intended for the import of the consignment and/or the entrance of the passengers.
- ss) **Country of origin (in the case of the consignment consisted of the plants)** - a country in which the plants originate.
- tt) **Country of origin (in the case of the consignment consisted of the plant products)** - a country in which the plants originate on the basis of which the plant products have been produced.
- uu) **Country of Origin (regulated articles other than plants and plant products)** - a country in which the given regulated articles might have been in danger of disease for the first time.
- vv) **Place of production** - any parcel of land or the unity of parcels used as a single enterprise or agricultural production unit. It may include other parcels of land which are run separately for the phytosanitary purposes.

## **Chapter II.**

### **Introduction, transit and destruction of the commodities subject to phytosanitary control**

#### **Article 3. Responsible official body and the qualification of the personnel**

1. National Food Agency (hereinafter referred to as National Agency), legal entity of the public law of the Ministry of Agriculture of Georgia sets out the requirements for introduction of the commodities subject to the phytosanitary control.

2. Phytosanitary border-quarantine control under the phytosanitary rule is carried out by the Revenue Service (hereinafter Revenue Service) - legal entity of the public law of the Ministry of Finance of Georgia.

2. For the efficient performance of the duties under the phytosanitary rule the Revenue Service employs an individual with the relevant education and qualification.

#### **Article 4. Phytosanitary Certificate and Import Permit for plant products subject to phytosanitary control**

1. In the case of import or transit, the consignment (in compliance with the Annex 1) shall be accompanied by the phytosanitary Certificate or the phytosanitary certificate for re-export.
2. Neither phytosanitary certificate nor the import permit (hereinafter - import permit) for the plant products subject to phytosanitary control is required for the commodities laid down in the Annex of the Phytosanitary Rule #8

#### **Article 5. Advance notice**

1. A person responsible for the introduction of the consignment to the Georgian Economic Border is obliged to send the data about the consignment to be entered to the Border Inspection Post through which the entrance of the consignment is carried out:
  - a) 24 hours prior to entrance in the case of land transport
  - b) 24 hours prior to the commencement of the loading operations in the case of the maritime transport
  - c) Not less than 2 hours prior to the landing of the airplane at the Georgian Internatioanl Airport - in the case of the air transport.
2. Advance notice shall comprise the data about the import permit or the phytosanitary certificate of the other document accompanied by the consignment (issuing date, full name of the issuing body) as well as the information necessary for the identification of commodities.
3. The form of the advance notice as well as the means of transmission of information is established under the individual administrative legal act adopted by the head of the Revenue Service.

#### **Article 6. Phytosanitary procedures**

1. At the Border Inspection Post a consignment intended for import in Georgia is subject to:
  - a) Documentary checks;
  - b) Identity checks;
  - c) Plant health control;
  - d) Sampling at the place for the inspection of the laboratory testing.
2. Risk based "Monitoring Plan" agreed with the Agency is approved under the individual administrative legal act of the head of the Revenue Service in order to define the frequency of the phytosanitary procedures laid down in the subparagraphs "c" and "d" of the first paragraph of this article.
3. In the case of the entrance of commodities by the railway transport, phytosanitary border-quarantine control procedures laid down in the subparagraphs "b", "c" and "d" of the first paragraph of this article may be carried out at the place of destination of the commodities.

#### **Article 7. Documentary checks**

1. The documents to be submitted to the Border Inspection Post for carrying out a phytosanitary control are:
  - a) Phytosanitary certificate (original)
  - b) Import Permit (upon necessity)
  - c) Other accompanying documents laid down in the legislation
1. Documentary checks comprise:
  - a) Checks for compliance of the format and the content of the phytosanitary certificate with the model of the phytosanitary certificate under the International Plant Protection Convention (IPPC). The certificate shall be completed in compliance with the International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures (ISPM) №12.
  - b) Checks for proper completion of the phytosanitary certificate including signing and sealing (Botanical names of the plants shall be indicated in the Latin Language).

- c) Checks for alignment of phytosanitary certificate with the data of the accompanying documents (Certificate of origin, Invoice, Bill of Lading, Import Permit etc.) laid down in the legislation.
1. a) In the case of export of commodities from Georgia no submission of phytosanitary certificate is required (4.08.2011 N 308)
- b) In the case of re-export of commodities from Georgia the phytosanitary certificate or the original of the phytosanitary certificate for re-export issued by the authorized service of the exporting country will accompany the consignment intended for re-export to the place of destination and the approved copy of this certificate will remain at the border inspection post.
4. Consignment covered by single Import Permit may be imported to Georgia in lots by several means of transport in case the accompanying documents prove that each lot forms a part of the consignment for which the import permit was issued. In such a case, original of the Import Permit remains with consignor border inspection post with the relevant indication until the last lot of the consignment is imported to the economic territory of Georgia, and the authorized person indicates on the copy the number of the imported, puts an ID seal and sends back to the responsible person for the regulated articles, and the last lot of the consignment is accompanied by the original.

#### **Article 8. Identity checks**

Identity checks of commodities concern:

- a) Checks to ascertain that the seal on the vehicle is intact and the identification number tallies with the data in the phytosanitary certificate and/or other documents;
- b) comparison of the data (marks) of the commodities (on the package, boxes etc.) with the data in the phytosanitary certificate and/or other documents (in case plants, plant products are packed in the carton material or in other packing material, the state of the package and marks shall be identified, and in the case of absence of the package, it shall be identified whether the consignment is homogenous or is formed of different species of plants or plant products.
- c) inspection of the wooden packing materials in compliance with the International Standards for Phytosanitary Measures (ISPM) #15 and the joint Order №2-7 - №33 of the Ministry of Agriculture and the Ministry of Finance of Georgia, made on January 25, 2010 "On the Approval of the Rule for Phytosanitary Protection Against Introduction and Spread of Quarantine and other Dangerous Harmful Organisms to the Territory of Georgia";
- d) Compliance of the species and type of the commodities indicated in the phytosanitary certificate with the commodities actually existed in the mean of transport;
- e) Inspection for the transporting conditions of the commodities including impermeability, cleanness and the temperature regime.
- f) Inspection for compliance of the actual quantity of the commodities with the quantity indicated in the phytosanitary certificate.

#### **Article 9. Plant health checks**

Plant health checks concerns:

- a) inspection of the regulated articles
- b) inspection for the packaging appropriateness
- c) Checks for the compliance of the commodities with the certain phytosanitary requirements (processing, quality of re-processing, exclusion of contamination, prohibition etc.)

#### **Article 10. Sampling**

Sampling is needed for the purpose of:

- a) inspection (at the place by magnifier, binocular or microscope);
- b) analysis (laboratory testing) pursuant to the "Monitoring Plant"
- +In case the plant health checks reveal the necessity for the additional inspection of the commodities.

2. Sampling is carried out in compliance with the joint decree #2-7 - #33 of the minister of agriculture and the minister of finance of Georgia made on January 25, 2010 on the "Approval of the Rule for Phytosanitary Protection Against Introduction

and Spread of the Quarantine and other Harmful Organisms at the Territory of Georgia" as well as the rule established by the international standards.

3. Revealed harmful organisms and the samples taken pursuant to the paragraph "b" of this article shall be sent to the laboratory for identification and/or laboratory testing.

4. When harmful organisms are revealed the commodities and/or its transporting vehicle shall be subject to treatment or return to the exporting country.

5. After treatment the commodities shall be subject to health checks again.

#### **Article 11. Control procedures of phytosanitary border-quarantine of transit Commodities**

1. During introduction into the Georgian economic territory the transit commodities are subject to documentary checks and phytosanitary procedures upon necessity, laid down in the sub-paragraph "b", "c" and "d" of the paragraph 1 of the article 6 of the Phytosanitary Rule.

2. The results of the phytosanitary procedures carried out for the transit commodities by the authorized person and the decision made shall be present in the "State Phytosanitary Border-Quarantine Control Act" (Annex #2).

3. It is possible to treat transit commodities as imported in case the phytosanitary procedures carried out obviate their compliance with the phytosanitary import requirements.

#### **Article 12. Decisions made under the phytosanitary border quarantine control**

1. The phytosanitary border-quarantine control may result in the following decision:

a) In case the regulated articles meets the phytosanitary measures, it is granted the right of being introduced into the territory of Georgia and the phytosanitary certificate shall bear the mark "Phytosanitary control carried out" pursuant to the annex 4 of the present Rule.

b) In case the regulated article does not meet the phytosanitary measures:

b.a.) it is prohibited to be introduced to the territory of Georgia and the phytosanitary certificate shall bear the mark "Introduction of commodities was refused - returned back";

b.b.) It may be subject to treatment, selection, change of the packaging or processing in case the said activity excludes the revealed risk.

c) Detainment - upon relevant substantiation - may be applied in case the submission of the additional documents is required (documents shall be submitted within 3 working days), as well as the for observance and analysis or for further inspection, analysis and treatment. The phytosanitary certificate shall bear the mark "subject to detainment" pursuant to the Annex 9 of the present Rule and the controlled articles shall be moved to the quarantine storage place.

d) Destruction - in case the owner of the commodities can not be identified or it is not possible to remove the commodities refused.

2. In case the harmful organism is revealed or the regulated articles does not comply with the requirements laid down in the Georgian legislation and the International Plant Protection Convention, the authorized person gives notification to the National Agency till the end of the following working day after the fact was revealed pursuant to the annex 6 of the this Rule. The National Agency gives notification to the Plant Protection Service of the exporting country in compliance with the international standard #13 o the phytosanitary measures on the "Notification on Guidelines Incompliance and the Emergency Measures".

3. In case the commodities subject to phytosanitary control do not meet the phytosanitary requirements and the introduction of these commodities into Georgia was refused or they were withdrawn from Georgia, the phytosanitary certificate shall be marked in red "Certificate cancelled" pursuant to the annex 5.

#### **Article 13. Act on carrying out the state phytosanitary border quarantine**

1. The results of the phytosanitary procedures carried out for the transit commodities by the authorized person and the decision made shall be present in the "State Phytosanitary Border-Quarantine Control Act" (Annex #2).
2. "State Phytosanitary Border-Quarantine Control Act" shall be completed in two copies approved by the signature of the authorized person and the stamp with ID. The act shall be treated as follows:
  - a) The first copy shall be delivered to the authorized person on the regulated articles.
  - b) The second copy shall be kept at the Border Inspection Post.
3. After completion of the phytosanitary procedures the authorized person provides recording into the electronic register of the following data:
  - a) Serial number of the "State Phytosanitary Border-Quarantine Control Act";
  - b) Date of the introduction of the consignment into the Border Inspection Post;
  - c) Weight or the quantity of commodities;
  - d) Plant species and a botanical name;
  - e) Number of the phytosanitary certificate/permit accompanying consignment;
  - f) Country of origin, production place;
  - g) Final destination, receiver
  - h) Decision
  - i) Representative sample.

**Article 14. Destruction of commodities introduced by the passenger through post, baggage or hand luggage.**

1. Destruction of commodities introduced by the passenger through post, baggage or hand luggage is carried out when the passenger is not able to present the phytosanitary certificate or the import permit, upon necessity, for the commodities introduced for non-economical purposes and the when the return of the commodities is not possible.
2. Destruction of the commodities mentioned in the first paragraph of this article is carried out (no later than after 20 calendar days after introduction of the commodities) by the following methods:
  - a) By burning at the specifically allocated place;
  - b) By burying at the specifically allocated place;
  - c) By applying other established methods.
3. Destruction of the commodities is carried out by the commission formed pursuant to the individual administrative-legal act made by the head of the relevant taxation body. (15.02.2011 N 81)
4. Destruction of the commodities is witnessed by the passenger upon his/her willingness or his/her representative.
5. The authorized person makes the "Act on destruction of commodities introduced by the passenger through post, baggage or hand luggage" in two copies pursuant to the annex #7 of the phytosanitary rule. The first copy remains at the Border Inspection Post, and the other is delivered to the passenger of his/her representative upon request.

**Article 15. Collaboration of the National Food Agency and the Revenue Service**

1. National Agency ensures that:
  - a) Information on spread of plant quarantine harmful organisms
  - b) Guidelines on the possible risks and the measures to be taken
  - c) Information on issued Import Permits which are delivered upon their issuing in an electronic form
  - d) Other data necessary for phytosanitary border-quarantine control shall be forwarded to the relevant structural sub-divisions of the central apparatus of the Revenue Service through electronic means or other means of the information transmission on a regular basis and immediately upon necessity.
2. On a regular basis and immediately upon necessity National Agency is provided with the following information on each lot of the consignment (term for supplementing information is mutually established by the Revenue Service and the National Agency):



- a) Serial number of the "Act on carrying out state phytosanitary border-quarantine control";
  - b) Introduction date of the consignment to the border inspection post.
  - c) Weight or quantity of the plants;
  - d) Number of the phytosanitary certificate/permit accompanying the consignment;
  - e) Country of origin, production place;
  - d) Final destination, receiver
  - e) Decision
  - f) Representative sample
- 3) Upon carrying out phytosanitary border-quarantine control the Revenue Service immediately forwards information to the National Agency for the further action about the revealed cases which requires emergency measures. The National Agency on its side forwards information about the taken measures to the Revenue Service.
- 4) In the special cases the relevant specialists may be invited during the implementation of phytosanitary procedures on the basis of the mutual agreement of the Revenue Service and the Agency.
- 5) National Agency and the Revenue Service ensure elaboration and implementation of the annual training plan for the authorized persons.

#### **Article 16. Special Provisions**

Phytosanitary control shall not apply to:

- a) Personal items of the diplomats accredited in Georgia and the persons with diplomatic status, as well as diplomatic post and the consular valise. In case there is information that quarantine articles is being transferred in the personal items of the mentioned persons, the control is carried out in the presence of the same persons or their authorized representatives. In the case of the consular valise, control shall be carried out in the presence of the authorized person. Upon refusal for opening the consular valise by the diplomats accredited in Georgia and the persons with diplomatic status or their authorized representatives valise shall be returned back to the sender;
- b) the commodities introduced by post, baggage or hand luggage of the passenger laid down in the annex #8 other than upon emergency cases on the basis of the decision made for safety measures laid down in the article 17.
- c) the movement of the commodities to stamp out the outcome during occurrence of the force majeure circumstances laid down in the Tax Code of Georgia .

#### **Article 17. Safety Measures**

Import and/or transit of commodities may temporarily be prohibited on the territory of Georgia or their conditions may be subject to change pursuant to the decision of the Georgian Government for the purpose of taking emergency measures to ensure safety.

### **Chapter III. Interim and Final Provisions**

#### **Article 18. Electronic control systems**

The National Agency and the Revenue Service provide full support to the perfection of the phytosanitary procedures, design and develop the electronic systems which will allow control procedures for the commodities concerned to be reflected in the common electronic database.

#### **Article 19. Responsibilities**

Any unlawful act revealed during carrying out phytosanitary control is subject to imposition of responsibilities pursuant to the current legislation.

## Annex 1

**List of the Commodities Subject to the State Phytosanitary Border-Quarantine Control  
where the International Phytosanitary Certificate is required**

HS code	Description
1	2
Group 06. LIVE TREES AND OTHER PLANTS; BULBS, ROOTS AND THE LIKE; CUT FLOWERS AND ORNAMENTAL FOLIAGE	
Notes	
0601	Bulbs, tubers, tuberous roots, corms, crowns and rhizomes, dormant, in growth or in flower; chicory plants and roots other than roots of heading 1212
0602	Other live plants (including their roots), cuttings and slips; mushroom spawn
0603	Cut flowers and flower buds of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh, dried, dyed, bleached, impregnated or otherwise prepared
0604	Foliage, branches and other parts of plants, without flowers or flower buds, and grasses, mosses and lichens, being commodities of a kind suitable for bouquets or for ornamental purposes, fresh
Group 07. EDIBLE VEGETABLES AND CERTAIN ROOTS AND TUBERS	
0701	Potatoes, fresh
0702 00 000 00	Tomatoes, fresh
0703	Onions and shallots, leeks and other alliaceous vegetables
0704	Cabbages, cauliflowers, kohlrabi, kale and similar edible brassicas, fresh
0705	Lettuce ( <i>Lactuca sativa</i> ) and chicory ( <i>Cichorium</i> spp.), Witloof chicory ( <i>Cichorium</i> spp.), fresh
0706	Carrots, turnips, salad beetroot, salsify, celeriac, radishes and similar edible roots, fresh
0707 00	Cucumbers and gherkins, fresh
0708	Leguminous vegetables, shelled or unshelled, fresh
0709	Other vegetables, fresh
0712	Dried vegetables, whole, cut, sliced, broken or in powder,

	but not further prepared
0713	Dried leguminous vegetables, shelled, whether or not skinned or split
0714	Manioc, arrowroot, salep, Jerusalem artichokes, sweet potatoes and similar roots and tubers with high starch or inulin content, fresh, chilled, frozen or dried, whether or not sliced or in the form of pellets;
Group 08. EDIBLE FRUIT AND NUTS; PEEL OF CITRUS FRUIT OR MELONS	
0802	Other nuts, fresh or dried, whether or not shelled or peeled
0803 00	Bananas, including plantains, fresh or dried
0804	Dates, figs, pineapples, avocados, guavas, mangoes and mangosteens, fresh or dried
0805	Citrus fruit, fresh or dried
0806	Grapes, fresh or dried
0807	Melons (including watermelons) and papaws (papayas), fresh
0808	Apples, pears and quinces, fresh
0809	Apricots, cherries, peaches (including nectarines), plums and sloes, fresh
0810	Other fruit, fresh
0813	Fruit, dried, other than that of headings 0801 to 0806; mixtures of nuts or dried fruits of this group
Group 09. COFFEE, TEA, MATÉ AND SPICES	
0901 11 000 00	Coffee, not roasted, Not decaffeinated
0901 12 000 00	decaffeinated
Group 10. CEREALS	
1001	Wheat and meslin
1002 00 000 00	Rye
1003 00	Barley
1004 00 000 00	Oats
1005	Maize (Corn)
1006	Rise
1007 00	Grain sorghum
1008	Buckwheat, millet and canary seed; other cereals
Group 11. PRODUCTS OF THE MILLING INDUSTRY; MALT; STARCHES; INULIN; WHEAT GLUTEN	
1101 00 110 00 1101 00 150 00	Wheat flour
1101 00 900 00	Meslin flour
1102	Cereal flours other than of wheat or meslin
1103	Cereal groats, meal and pellets
1104	Cereal grains otherwise worked (for example, hulled, rolled, flaked, pearled, sliced or kibbled), except rice of heading 1006; germ of cereals, whole, rolled, flaked or ground
1106 10 000 00	Flour, meal and powder of the dried leguminous vegetables of heading 0713,
110710	Malt, whether or not roasted
1107 10 110 00	Of wheat
1107 10 190 00	other

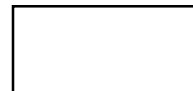
1107 10 910 00	Of wheat
1107 10 990 00	other
Group 12. OIL SEEDS AND OLEAGINOUS FRUITS; MISCELLANEOUS GRAINS, SEEDS AND FRUIT; INDUSTRIAL OR MEDICINAL PLANTS; STRAW AND FODDER	
1201 00	Soya beans, whether or not broken
1202	Groundnuts, not roasted or otherwise cooked, whether or not shelled or broken
1204 00	Linseed, whether or not broken
1205	Rape or colza seeds, whether or not broken
1206 00	Sunflower seeds, whether or not broken
1207	Other oil seeds and oleaginous fruits, whether or not broken
1208	Flours and meals of oil seeds or oleaginous fruits, other than those of mustard
1209	Seeds, fruit and spores, of a kind used for sowing
1211	Plants and parts of plants (including seeds and fruits), of a kind used primarily in perfumery, in pharmacy or for insecticidal, fungicidal or similar purposes, fresh or dried, whether or not cut, crushed or powdered
1212	Locust beans, seaweeds and other algae, sugar beet and sugar cane, fresh, chilled, frozen or dried, whether or not ground; fruit stones and kernels and other vegetable products (including unroasted chicory roots of the variety <i>Cichorium intybus sativum</i> ) of a kind used primarily for human consumption, not elsewhere specified or included
1213 00 000 00	Cereal straw and husks, unprepared, whether or not chopped, ground, pressed or in the form of pellets
1214	Swedes, mangolds, fodder roots, hay, lucerne (alfalfa), clover, sainfoin, forage kale, lupines, vetches and similar forage products, whether or not in the form of pellets
Group 18. COCOA AND COCOA PREPARATIONS	
1801 00 000 00	Cocoa beans, whole or broken, raw or roasted
Group 23. RESIDUES AND WASTE FROM THE FOOD INDUSTRIES; PREPARED ANIMAL FODDER	
2302	Bran, sharps and other residues, whether or not in the form of pellets, derived from the sifting, milling or other working of cereals or of leguminous plants
2304 00 000 00	Oilcake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of soya-bean oil
Group 24. TOBACCO AND MANUFACTURED TOBACCO SUBSTITUTES	
2401	Unmanufactured tobacco; tobacco refuse
Group 44. WOOD AND ARTICLES OF WOOD; WOOD CHARCOAL	
4401	Fuel wood, in logs, in faggots or in similar forms; wood in chips or particles; sawdust and wood waste
4403	Wood in the rough, whether or not stripped of bark or sapwood, or roughly squared
4404	Hoopwood; split poles; piles, pickets and stakes of wood, pointed but not sawn lengthwise; wooden sticks, roughly trimmed but not turned, bent or otherwise worked, suitable for the manufacture of walking sticks, umbrellas, tool handles or the like; chipwood and the like
4406 10 000 00	Railway or tramway sleepers (cross-ties) of wood
4407	Wood sawn or chipped lengthwise, sliced or peeled, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed, of a thickness exceeding 6 mm

4409	Wood (including strips and friezes for parquet flooring, not assembled) continuously shaped (tongued, grooved, rebated, chamfered, V-jointed, beaded, moulded, rounded or the like) along any of its edges, ends or faces, whether or not planed, sanded or end-jointed
4416 00 000 00	Casks, barrels, vats, tubs and other coopers' products and parts thereof, of wood, including staves
Group 52. Cotton	
5201 00	Cotton, not carded or combed
5202	Cotton waste (including yarn waste and garnetted stock):
5203 00 000 00	Cotton, carded or combed
Group 53. OTHER VEGETABLE TEXTILE FIBRES; PAPER YARN AND WOVEN FABRICS OF PAPER YARN	
5301	Flax, raw or processed but not spun; flax tow and waste (including yarn waste and garnetted stock):
5302	True hemp ( <i>Cannabis sativa L.</i> ), raw or processed but not spun; tow and waste of true hemp (including yarn waste and garnetted stock):
5303	Jute fibers , not spun; tow and waste of these fibres
5304	Sisal and other textile fibres of the genus <i>Agave</i> , raw or processed but not spun; tow and waste of these fibres (including yarn waste and garnetted stock)
Group 97. WORKS OF ART, COLLECTORS' PIECES AND ANTIQUES	
9705 00 000 00	Collections and collectors' pieces of zoological, botanical, mineralogical, anatomical, historical, archaeological, palaeontological, ethnographic or numismatic interest
No code	Soil of any type
No code	Live insects
No code	Bacteria, fungi, live cultures of viruses, live ticks and nematodes

Note: the phytosanitary certificates are not required for the plant products, which are processed in such a way, that there is no potential risk of the introduction of the regulated pests.

Annex 2 (1.03.2011 N 103)

**Act № 000000 on  
Carrying out State Phytosanitary Border-Quarantine Control**



Name of the commodities ----- NCNFEA (National commodity nomenclature of the foreign economic activity) code  
 Weight ----- Transaction ----- Phytosanitary certificate № ---  
 Permit № ----- seal № ----- on the means of transport

Documentary check		
1. Phytosanitary certificate does not comply with the import requirements	Yes -- Yes --	No --1 No --2
2. Data in the documents are consistent	Yes --	No --3
3. Presented documents are incomplete		
Identity check		

4. The name of the commodities corresponds to the one given in the phytosanitary certificate	Yes --	No --4
5. Transportation conditions are observed	Yes --	No --5
6. The commodities are packed and labeled with the manufacturing and expiry dates.	Yes --	No --6
Physical check		
7. The physical check revealed some damage of the commodities	Yes --	No --7
8. The commodities have undergone fumigation, heat and/or chemical treatment	Yes --	No --8
9. The commodities contain plant quarantine articles	Yes --	No --9
Decisions:		
10. The commodities comply with the import requirements, import permitted		--10
11. The commodities do not comply with the import conditions, import rejected		--11
12. The commodities subject to the movement to the quarantine storage		--12
13. An additional laboratory testing is required		--13

Control started: date ---- ----- time--- ----

Control finished: date ---- ----- time--- ----

Authorized person -----

-----  
 (Name, Surname) (Personal stamp with ID  
 number)

Remark:

Annex 3.

Border Inspection Post №  <div style="text-align: center;"> <p>X</p> <p>Introduction of commodities</p> <p>Rejected - Re-dispatched</p> </div> Authorized person: ----- --- (Signature) Date: "-----" ----- 20-----
---

Annex 4.

Border Inspection Post №

Phytosanitary control has been performed:

- a) Documentary checks have been completed;
- b) Identity checks have been completed;
- c) Visual Inspection has been completed.

Authorized person: -----

(Signature)

Date: "-----" ----- 20-----

Annex 5.



Annex 6.

### Notification on Breach of the Phytosanitary Requirement

Exporter:  
(Name and the address)

Consignee:  
(Name and the address)

Discrepancies:

Phytosanitary Certificate  does not exist  no original presented  not

fully completed  is incomprehensible  without date  unapproved corrections  contains incorrect information  is completed neither Georgian, English nor in Russian languages

! Finding of the quarantine articles (name):

! Other reasons  Uncertified quantity  Inconsistency of Identity (with the documentary data)  non-observance of the phytosanitary requirements  banned plants  delay till the end of the laboratory testing

Examination of commodities is impossible:

Decision of the Border Inspection Post:

Botanical names and the quantity of plants:

-----  
-----

Phytosanitary Certificate №: -----

Place of issue: -----

Date of issue: -----

Country of origin of the commodities: -----

Exporting country: -----

Means of transport: -----

Border Inspection Post: -----

Date:    .    .

Authorized

person

.....  
.....

(Name, surname, signature, personal stamp with ID number)

/place of the stamp/

Annex 7.

Act №

on

Destruction of Commodities Sent by Post or by Passenger through Baggage or Hand Luggage

"-----"

Name of the commodities -----

Quantity (kg) -----

Destruction place -----

Destruction method -----

Commission members:

-----



(Name, Surname, Position )

(Signature)

-----  
(Name, Surname, Position )

-----  
(Signature)

-----  
(Name, Surname, Position )

-----  
(Signature)

-----  
(Name, Surname, Position )

-----  
(Signature)

-----  
(Name, Surname, Position )

-----  
(Signature)

Owner of the commodities

-----  
(Name,

-----  
Surname)

(Signature)

Remark:

Annex 8

The list on Commodities (with the cost not exceeding 500 GEL) introduced by the passenger through post, baggage and/or hand luggage where the veterinarian and phytosanitary control is not applicable			
Description of Commodities	EU countries as well as the USA, Switzerland, Liechtenstein, Norway	Turkey, Azerbaijan, Armenia, Ukraine, Russian Federation	Other countries
Plant Products	10 kg	5 kg	5 kg
Seeds and planting materials	1 kg	0,5 kg	0.

Notice: Phytosanitary control do not apply to commodities which are introduced (including posting) as trade samples in a little quantity or for exhibitions and are not intended for human consumption.

Annex 8

Border Inspection Post №

Subject to detainment

Authorized person: -----  
(Signature)

Date: "----" ----- 20----

## Rule on Carrying Out Veterinary Border Quarantine Control

### Chapter I.

#### General Provisions

##### Article 1. Purpose and the scope

1. The purpose of the Rule of carrying out veterinary border-quarantine control (hereinafter - Veterinary Rule) is setting out the procedures for the state veterinary border-quarantine control (hereinafter - Veterinary Control) as well as requirements for the introduction and/or movement of the commodities subject to veterinary control at the Georgian economic border and defining the mandatory actions in compliance with the principles laying down by the World Organization for the Animal Health (OIE) and Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO).

2. Veterinary Rule applies to the commodities subject to veterinary control which are laid down in the Annex 1 of this Decree and their means of transport.

##### Article 2. Definitions

For the purpose of the Veterinary Rule the following definitions shall apply:

- a) Disease - clinical or/and pathogenic manifestation of infection
- b) Disease zone - zones where the existence of the disease is proved.
- c) Disinfection - application of procedures for destruction of animal diseases, including infectious and parasite agents of zoonosis. The disinfection shall apply to buildings, means of transport and different establishments which may be directly or indirectly contaminated by infectious or parasite agents.
- d) Documentary check - means the examination of the veterinary certificates or other document(s) accompanying a consignment;
- e) Exporting country - country from where the consignment is exported
- f) Veterinary border-quarantine control procedures - documentary, identity and physical checks;
- g) Veterinary Certificate - International veterinary certificate issued by the authorized office of the country of origin and/or exporting country under paragraph 3 of the article 6 of the Veterinary Rule.
- h) Zoonosis - any disease or infection which naturally transfers from animal to human
- i) Identity check - means a check to ensure that the veterinary certificate(s) or veterinary document(s) or other document(s) provided for by veterinary legislation tally with the product itself as well as verification of marks which must be placed on the commodities or the package of the commodities
- j) Importing country - country of final destination of the commodities.
- k) Infection - intrusion of infectious agent into the human or animal body and its development and spread.
- l) Controlled articles - commodities and/or means of transport of the commodities
- m) Person responsible for the controlled articles - owner or the proprietor of the controlled articles or their representative, or the person responsible for the movement of the controlled articles
- n) Consignment intended for re-export - imported consignment intended for export.
- o) Quarantine place - place where the animals and the products of animal origin may be held in quarantine.
- p) Animal intended for slaughter - animal which is under the supervision of the authorized veterinary and is intended for slaughter within a short time.
- q) Breeding animal - pure high productive cross-bred animal which is intended for breeding in order to obtain offspring.
- r) Lot - commodities originated in a country or in a part of the country which is covered by single veterinary certificate and is transported by single means of transport.
- s) Offal - livers, head, tail, legs, udder, cuts of meat and other products derived from animal processing
- t) Eggs for incubation - fecundated birds' eggs intended for incubation and hatching
- u) Incubation period - long period which starts with the intrusion of disease in the animal and last until the first clinical symptoms reveal.
- v) Commodities - live animals and products of animal origin subject to veterinary control established in the annex 1 of the Veterinary Rule.
- w) Transit country - country through which the movement of commodities intended for import country is due to take place or where the commodities stop at its border post.
- x) Means of transport - any means for movement including railway, land, air and sea used for transportation of the commodities.
- y) Border inspection Post - any airport or port, railway station or land check-point where the veterinary inspection can be carried out.
- z) International trade - export, import, re-export and transit of commodities.
- aa) Transit commodities - commodities not intended for import to the country through which it moves to different country without opening, partition, mixing it with other commodities or changing its package.

- bb) Consignment - single types of product which is moved from country or from its region to another country being covered with a single veterinary certificate or other documents established by the veterinary legislation by single means of transport.
- cc) Authorized person - a person from the Revenue service with proper education and qualification is granted the authority to carry out veterinary border-quarantine control procedures concerning protection of animal health and/or social health.
- dd) physical check - a check on the packaging, labeling and temperature of the commodities, as well as the sampling for analysis and laboratory testing.
- ee) Domestic animal - a type of the live animal accompanying with the passenger (owner or the responsible person for the pet) which is taken care, fed and/or bred by the physical person in regular housing conditions but is not used for other purposes other than specified here.
- ff) Identification of animals - identification and registration of animal, individually with unique mark on each animal or in group - with unique epidemiological unit or group mark
- gg) Animal welfare - means how animal is adapted to the environment it lives in. Animal welfare is high (according to the scientific results) in case the animal is healthy, feels comfortable, is fed well, is protected and has an opportunity to express its natural behavior and does not experience pain, fear and stress. The animal welfare needs prevention of disease and veterinary aid, relevant holding, housing, feeding, human treat and human slaughtering. Animal welfare is directly linked to animal state.
- hh) Slaughter of animals - procedure carried out under the veterinary supervision which results in an animal's death with bleeding out.

## **Chapter II.**

### **Introduction, transit and destruction of the commodities subject to Veterinary control**

#### **Article 3. Responsible official body and the qualification of the personnel**

1. National Food Agency (hereinafter referred to as National Agency), legal entity of the public law of the Ministry of Agriculture of Georgia sets out the rule #5 for introduction of the commodities subject to the veterinary control.
2. Veterinary border-quarantine control under the veterinary rule is carried out by the Revenue Service (hereinafter Revenue Service) - legal entity of the public law of the Ministry of Finance of Georgia.
3. Veterinary Border-quarantine control applies to the import, transit and the export of the commodities.
4. For the efficient performance of the duties under the veterinary rule the Revenue Service employs an individual with the relevant education and qualification.

#### **Article 4. Import and the Transit Permits for the Commodities Subject to the Veterinary Control**

1. Import to the territory of Georgia is performed on the basis of the Import Permit (hereinafter Import Permit) or the products subject to the veterinary control.
2. During transit movement of the commodities Transit Permit for the products subject to the veterinary control is not compulsory.
3. Import permit is not required for the commodities set out in the annex 7 introduced through post or the passenger's baggage and/or hand luggage.

#### **Article 5. Import Conditions for the Country of Origin**

The introduction of commodities set out in the annex 1 of the Veterinary Rule which are subject to veterinary control is permitted only if they meet the following requirements:

- a) they are originated from the country authorized to be an exporting country to Georgia;
- b) they are originated from the enterprise authorized to be an exporter to Georgia;
- c) the commodities are accompanied with the veterinary certificate or other document issued by the authorized body of the country of origin which is in compliance with the model set up by the National Agency and meet its requirements.

#### **Article 6. Principles and criteria for setting out import conditions**

1. For the purpose of setting out import conditions under article 5 of the Veterinary Rule for establishing the list of the authorized exporting countries in Georgia, the National Agency acts in compliance with the principles laid down in the current legislation of Georgia and upon reasonability it takes into consideration the following principles and criteria:

- a) Notifications about the occurrence of the world-spread diseases published by the International Epizootic Bureau;
- b) The list of the authorized exporting countries to the EU of the relevant type of commodities subject to the veterinary control.

2. For the purpose of establishing the authorized exporting enterprises to Georgia the National Agency takes into consideration:

- a) The current list of the authorized exporting enterprises to the EU of the relevant type of commodities subject to veterinary control;
- b) The list of the authorized and recommended enterprises authorized by the country of origin. In such a case, the authorized body of the country of origin ensures that safety requirements of Georgia on animal health and welfare as well as the food and feed safety are met.
- c) Results of the veterinary inspection carried out by the National Agency at the enterprise of the exporting country.

3. For the purpose of the laying down the content and the format of the veterinary certificate and other accompanying documents the National Agency takes into consideration the following:

- a) The animal sanitary code recommendations of the International Epizootic Bureau;
- b) The current models of the certificates and other accompanying documents (upon necessity) of the commodities subject to veterinary control which are imported to the EU.
- c) Special conditions and additional warranties laying down in the Georgian legislation.

4. Upon setting out the conditions under paragraphs 1-3 of this article, the National Agency shall avoid the cases of non-tariff and the technical obstacles for trade purposes which do not rely on the scientifically substantiated reliable risk assessment or which may result in unproportionate outcome compared to the presumable risk.

#### **Article. 7. Export and re-export conditions for the commodities subject to veterinary control**

1. Submission of the veterinary certificate is not mandatory in the case of export.  
(4.08.2011 N 308)

2. In the case of re-export of commodities from Georgia subject to veterinary control the original certificate issued by the authorized service of the exporting country will accompany the consignment intended for re-export to the place of destination and the approved copy of this certificate will remain at border inspection post.

#### **Article 8. Advance notice**

1. A person responsible for the introduction of the consignment to the Georgian Economic Border is obliged to send the data about the consignment to be entered to the Border Inspection Post through which the entrance of the consignment is carried out:

- d) 24 hours prior to entrance in the case of land transport
  - e) 24 hours prior to the commencement of the loading operations in the case of the maritime transport
  - f) Not less than 2 hours prior to the landing of the airplane at the Georgian International Airport - in the case of the air transport.
4. Advance notice shall comprise the data about the import permit or the veterinary certificate of the other document accompanied by the consignment (issuing date, full name of the issuing body) as well as the information needed for the identification of commodities.
5. The form of the advance notice as well as the means of transmission of information is established under the individual administrative legal act adopted by the head of the Revenue Service.

#### **Article 9. Veterinary Border-Quarantine Control Procedures**

1. At the Border Inspection Post a consignment intended for import in Georgia is subject to:

- a) Documentary check;
- b) Identity check;
- c) Physical check; (where the doubt appears or according to the Monitoring Plan), and in the case of live animals - clinical examination of live animals.

2. Risk based "Monitoring Plan" agreed with the Agency is approved by the individual administrative legal act of the head of the Revenue Service in order to define the frequency of the physical examination.

3. In the case of the entrance of commodities by the railway transport veterinary border-quarantine control procedures laid down in the subparagraphs "b", "c" and "d" of the first paragraph of this article may be carried out at the place of destination of the commodities.

#### **Article 10. Documentary Checks**

1. Documentary checks envisages the examination of the documents accompanying the articles of the veterinary control and comprise:

- a) Checks for compliance of the format and the content of the veterinary certificate with the model of the veterinary certificate under the sub-paragraph "c" of the article 5 of the Veterinary Rule.
- b) Checks for proper completion of the veterinary certificate including signing and sealing.
- c) Checks for alignment of veterinary certificate with the data of the accompanying documents (Certificate of origin, Invoice or other payment document, Bill of Lading, manifest etc.) laid down in the legislation.

2. For the purpose of the documentary checks the following documents shall be submitted to the Border Inspection Post:

- a) Veterinary Certificate (original) issued by the authorized body of the exporting country.
- b) Import Permit (original)
- c) In the case of the live animals - additionally Route Plan.
- d) Consignment covered by single Import Permit may be imported to Georgia in lots by several vehicles in case the accompanying documents prove that each lot forms a part of the consignment for which the import permit was issued. In such a case,

original of the Import Permit remains with consignor border inspection post with the relevant indication until the last lot of the consignment is imported to the economic territory of Georgia, and the authorized person indicates on the copy the number of the imported lots, puts an ID seal and sends back to the responsible person for the regulated articles, and the last lot of the consignment is accompanied by the original.

#### **Article 11. Identity checks**

Identity checks of commodities concern:

a) checks for the integrity of the seal on the means of transport as well as for compliance of its identification number (or code) with the data of the veterinary certificate and/or other documents;

b) comparison of the data about the country of origin of the commodities and the stamps and official marks needed for the identification of the enterprise as well as ensuring compliance of these data with the veterinary certificate and/or other documents

c) Inspection of the special marks for the wrapped or packaged commodities;

d) Comparison of the actual weight of the commodities with the one indicated in the veterinary certificate or in other documents;

e) in the case of live animals:

e.a) identity check for all live animals, and in case of the big groups of animals, checks for 10 % of animal which should not be less than 10 heads or 10 animals;

e.b) ensuring compliance of their identification marks with the information indicated in the accompanied veterinary certificate. Where the individual identification is not required, identification of the packaging or the relevant number of the container and the visual inspection of several animals are carried out.

#### **Article 12. Physical check**

1. Physical check concerns:

a) physical or chemical tests (cutting, thawing, cooking) of the commodities;

b) sensory examinations of the commodities (smell, colour, consistency, etc.)

c) examinations of transportation conditions including temperature

d) upon necessity and pursuant to the monitoring plan, sampling for laboratory analysis for the purpose of detection of disease, banned and unwilling substances, pathogens, poisonous substances and other pathological changes (sampling is carried out in compliance with the legislation of Georgia and the rule established by the international standards).

2. The means of transport shall be fully unloaded in case:

a) products are loaded in such a way that inspection of all parts of consignment is not possible when partially unloaded'

b) the checks revealed shortcomings

c) previous similar consignments revealed the breaks/shortcomings

d) where the breach by the authorized person is under doubt

#### **Article 13. Clinical Examination of the live animals**

1. The purpose of the clinical examination of the live animals is assessment of the health conditions of the animals and their compliance for movement.

2. 100 % of the live animals introduced to the Border Inspection Post is subject to the clinical examination. In the case of the large number of the animals clinical examination is carried out in the following manner:

a) In the case of the animals intended for breed selection or animal breeding purposes - 10 % of the animals but not less than 10 animals.

b) In the case of the animals intended for slaughter - 5 % of animals but not less than 5 animals.

c) Percentage data of the clinical examination of animals under sub-paragraphs of "a" and "b" of this paragraph may increase up to 100 % in case the results of the preliminary examinations are not satisfactory or there is a doubt for certain breach.

3. Clinical examination of the live animals are carried out at the Border Inspection Post or at the buildings intended for the holding of the certain breed of the animal

on the basis of the original copies of the relevant documents and where the animals are physically available for the authorized person to examine them.

4. Individual clinical examination shall not concern:

- a) birds, including poultry
- b) aqua-animals as well as all types of live fish
- c) rodents;
- d) rabbits
- e) bees
- f) insects
- g) reptiles
- h) amphibians
- i) other invertebrates
- j) certain animals of zoo and the circus including animals with cloven hoof and horses, which are not considered as dangerous animals
- k) furred animals

5. In the cases under the paragraph 4 of this article physical examination concerns defining animal health conditions on the basis of the observance of their behavior.

6. In case the certain risk or relevant breach is revealed the following types/categories of the animals are subject to clinical examination:

- a) live fish, crabs, mollusks and other animals intended for scientific research.
- b) Animals having certified status of being free from certain pathogens
- c) Animals transported in containers sealed in compliance with the environmental conditions;
- d) pets other than cloven hoof animals transported along with the passenger for non-commercial purposes.

7. Introduction of not more than 5 pets by the passenger which are not intended for trade activities shall comply with the following requirements:

- a) The relevant preventive vaccination or treatment against disease shall have been carried out for the certain pet.
- b) The animal shall be accompanied with the animal passport or the document ascertaining the treatment under the sub-paragraph "a" of this paragraph.

#### **Article 14. Procedures for veterinary control of transit animals**

1. Upon introduction into the economic territory of Georgia the transit commodities are subject to the documentary checks at the border inspection post and upon necessity, to the veterinary border-quarantine control procedures pursuant to the 'b' and 'c' subparagraphs of the first paragraph of the article 9.

2. The results of the veterinary border-quarantine control procedures carried out for the transit commodities by the authorized person and the decision made shall be reflected in the "State veterinary Border-Quarantine Control Act" (Annex #2).

3. Transit of the commodities is completed within 10 days after its introduction to the country except the case where the following transactions take place:

- a) warehouse
- b) free zone
- c) free warehouse.

4. Storage of the transit commodities may be performed only at the warehouse, free zone or at the free warehouse if:

- a) the commodities are physically separated from the commodities intended for importation.
- b) only operations necessary for the storage and/or partition of the lots and/or transportation are carried out;
- c) no modification of the packaging takes place.

5. Transit commodities shall be imported in case the results of the veterinary border-quarantine control procedures prove that the commodities meet the import requirements.

#### **Article 15. Decisions**

1. The veterinary border-quarantine control may result in the following decision:

- a) In case the articles of the veterinary control meets the requirements laid down in the legislation of Georgia, it is granted the right of being introduced into



the territory of Georgia and the veterinary certificate shall bear the mark "Veterinary control carried out" pursuant to the annex 3 of the present Decree.

b) In case the articles of the veterinary control does not meet the requirements laid down in the legislation of Georgia:

b.a.) it is prohibited to be introduced in the territory of Georgia and the veterinary certificate shall bear the mark "Introduction of commodities was rejected - re-dispatched";

b.b.) processing (usage for alternative designation) - the said decision is made on the basis of risk assessment after agreement with the responsible person for the controlled articles;

b.c.) destruction - is carried out where the identification of the owner of the commodities is not possible or re-dispatch of the commodities the importation of which was rejected or if the return of these commodities may result in higher risk to the animal health or human health. The destruction of the commodities is carried out in compliance with the rule under the legislation of Georgia.

c) Detainment - upon relevant substantiation - may be applied in case the submission of the additional documents is required (documents shall be submitted within 3 working days), as well as for observance and analysis or for further inspection, analysis and treatment. The veterinary certificate shall bear the mark "subject to detainment" pursuant to the Annex 4 of the present Rule and the controlled articles shall be moved to the quarantine area. In the case of live animals, the animal quarantine housing area shall be located at the border inspection post or close to the post or under agreement with the National Agency - at the parcel of land located at the place of destination or at the quarantine housing area located at the parcel of land.

#### **Article 16. Act on carrying out the state veterinary border quarantine control**

1. The results of the veterinary border-quarantine control procedures carried out for the commodities by the authorized person and the decision made shall be reflected in the "State Veterinary Border-Quarantine Control Act" (Annex #2).

2. "State Veterinary Border-Quarantine Control Act" shall be completed in two copies approved by the signature of the authorized person and the stamp with ID number. The act shall be treated as follows:

a) The first copy shall be delivered to the authorized person on the controlled articles.

b) The second copy shall be kept at the Border Inspection Post.

3. After completion of the veterinary control the authorized person provides recording of following data into the electronic register:

a) Serial number of the "State veterinary Border-Quarantine Control Act";

b) Date of the introduction of the consignment into the Border Inspection Post;

c) Weight or the quantity of commodities;

d) Description of consignment, animal species

e) Number of the veterinary certificate/permit accompanying consignment;

f) Country of origin, production place;

g) Final destination, receiver

h) Decision

i) Representative sample.

## **Article 17. Cooperation and regular exchange of information**

1. The national agency electronically or by other means of information delivery regularly provides the following to the respective structural sub-division of the central apparatus of the Revenue Service:
  - a) Guidelines about prospective risks and the related measures;
  - b) Information about issued veterinary certificates and the import permits for the commodities (this information is immediately delivered electronically upon issuing the import permit)
  - c) Models of other documents laid down in the sub-paragraph "c" of the article 5 or in the respective current list and the veterinary certificates of the third countries and the institutions.
  - d) Other data necessary for carrying out veterinary border-quarantine control.
2. On a regular basis and immediately upon necessity National Agency is provided with the following information on each lot of the consignment (term for supplementing information is mutually established by the Revenue Service and the National Agency):
  - a) Serial number of the "Act on carrying out state veterinary border-quarantine control";
  - b) Introduction date of the consignment to the border inspection post.
  - c) Weight or quantity of the consignment;
  - d) Description of consignment, animal species
  - d) Number of the veterinary certificate/permit accompanying the consignment;
  - e) country of origin, production place;
  - d) final destination, receiver
  - e) Decision
  - f) Representative sample
3. Upon carrying out veterinary border-quarantine control the Revenue Service immediately forwards information about the revealed cases which requires emergency measures to the National Agency for the further action. The National Agency on its side forwards information about the taken measures to the Revenue Service.
4. The Agency and the Revenue Service cooperate and provide coordination for the increase of efficiency of the veterinary control for each problem raised during carrying out veterinary control or for special cases through relevant actions and mutual support.
5. In the special cases the relevant specialists may be invited during the implementation of veterinary procedures on the basis of the mutual agreement of the Revenue Service and the Agency.
6. National Agency and the Revenue Service ensure elaboration and implementation of the annual training plan for the authorized persons.

## **Article 18. Destruction of commodities introduced by the passenger through post, baggage or hand luggage.**

1. Destruction of commodities introduced by the passenger through post, baggage or hand luggage is carried out when the passenger is not able to present the veterinary certificate or the import permit, upon necessity, for the commodities introduced for non-economical purposes and the return of the commodities is not possible.
2. Destruction of the commodities mentioned in the first paragraph of this article is carried out (no later than after 20 calendar days after introduction of the commodities) by the following methods:
  - a) through burning in the special facility (oven)
  - b) through burying at the specifically allocated place;
  - c) through storing in the bio-thermal hole
  - d) through pouring it into the sewage system (upon agreement with the person in charge of the exploitation of the sewage system)
  - e) By applying other established methods.

3. Destruction of the commodities is carried out by the commission formed pursuant to the individual administrative-legal act made by the head of the relevant taxation body. (15.02.2011 N 81)
4. Destruction of the commodities is witnessed by the passenger upon his/her willingness or his/her representative.
5. The authorized person makes the "Act on destruction of commodities introduced by the passenger through post, baggage or hand luggage" in two copies pursuant to the annex #6 of the veterinary rule. The first copy is kept at the Border Inspection Post, and the other is delivered to the passenger or his/her representative upon request.

#### **Article 19. Storing the commodities in warehouses, free warehouses and in free zones**

1. The commodities introduced into the economic territory of Georgia shall be stored at a warehouse, free warehouse and in free zone only in such a case when the person responsible for the controlled articles has made advance notification about the import of the commodities or the other transaction as well as in case the import conditions of the commodities are fully complied.
2. Where the person responsible for the controlled articles did not make notification about the final destination of the commodities, the latter will be considered as the commodities for importation. For the purpose of compliance of the import requirements, the commodities are subject to documentary, identity and the physical checks at the border inspection posts. Pursuant to the results of the veterinary control, the authorized person makes one of the decisions laid down in the article 15 of the Veterinary Rule.
3. Warehouse, free warehouse and the free zone shall comply with the sanitary-hygienic requirements laid down in the decree N 173 of the Government of Georgia, of June 25<sup>th</sup>, 2010 on "General Hygiene Rule of Food / Feed Producing Enterprise / Distributor and Implementation of Surveillance, Monitoring and State Control in Food Safety, Veterinary and Plant Protection Areas".

#### **Article 20. Special Provisions**

Veterinary control shall not apply to:

- a) personal items of the diplomats accredited in Georgia and the persons with diplomatic status, as well as diplomatic post and the consular valise. In case there is information that quarantine articles is being transferred in the personal items of the mentioned persons, the control is carried out in the presence of the same persons or their authorized representatives. In the case of the consular valise, control shall be carried out in the presence of the authorized person. Upon refusal for opening the consular valise by the diplomats accredited in Georgia and the persons with diplomatic status or their authorized representatives valise shall be returned back to the sender;
- b) the commodities introduced by post, baggage or hand luggage of the passenger laid down in the annex #7.
- c) upon the movement of the commodities for the eradication of the outcome occurred during the force majeure cases laid down in the Tax Code of Georgia .

#### **Article 21. Safety Measures**

Import and/or transit of commodities may temporarily be prohibited on the territory of Georgia or their conditions may subject to change pursuant to the decision of the Georgian Government for the purpose of taking emergency measures in order to ensure safety.

### **Chapter III. Interim and Final Provisions**

#### **Article 22. Electronic control systems**

The National Agency and the Revenue Service provide full support to the perfection of the veterinary procedures; they design and develop the electronic systems which will allow control procedures for the commodities concerned to be reflected in the common electronic database.

**Article 23. Responsibilities**

Any unlawful act revealed during carrying out veterinary control is subject to imposition of responsibilities pursuant to the current legislation.

Annex 1 (4.08.2011 N 308)

**List of the Commodities Subject to the State Veterinary Border-Quarantine Control  
with the NCNFEA (National commodity nomenclature of the foreign economic activity)  
Codes**

NCNFEA Code	Description of commodities where import, export, re-export and transit is not permitted to Georgia without state veterinary border-quarantine control
1	2
From group 1	Live animals
0101	Live horses, asses, mules and hinnies
0102	Live bovine animals
0103	Live swine
0104	Live sheep and goats
0105	Live poultry, that is to say, fowls of the species <i>Gallus domesticus</i> , ducks, geese, turkeys and guinea

	fowls
0106	Other live animals
From group 2	MEAT AND EDIBLE MEAT OFFAL
0201	Meat of bovine animals, fresh or chilled
0202	Meat of bovine animals, frozen
0203	Meat of swine, fresh, chilled or frozen
0204	Meat of sheep or goats, fresh, chilled or frozen
0205	Meat of horses, asses, mules or hinnies, fresh, chilled or frozen
0206	Edible offal of bovine animals, swine, sheep, goats, horses, asses, mules or hinnies, fresh, chilled or frozen
0207	Meat and edible offal, of the poultry of heading 0105, fresh, chilled or frozen
0208	Other meat and edible meat offal, fresh, chilled or frozen
0209 00	Pig fat, free of lean meat, and poultry fat, not rendered or otherwise extracted, fresh, chilled, frozen, salted, in brine, dried or smoked
0210	Meat and edible meat offal, salted, in brine, dried or smoked; edible flours and meals of meat or meat offal
From group 3	FISH AND CRUSTACEANS, MOLLUSCS AND OTHER AQUATIC INVERTEBRATES
0301	Live fish
0302	Fish, fresh or chilled, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 0304
0303	Fish, frozen, excluding fish fillets and other fish meat of heading 0304
0304	Fish fillets and other fish meat (including minced), fresh, chilled or frozen
0305	Fish, dried, salted or in brine; smoked fish, whether or not cooked before or during the smoking process; flours, meals and pellets of fish, fit for human consumption
0306	Crustaceans, whether in shell or not, live, fresh, chilled, frozen, dried, salted or in brine; crustaceans, in shell, cooked by steaming or by boiling in water, whether or not chilled, frozen, dried, salted or in brine; flours, meals and pellets of crustaceans, fit for human consumption
0307	Molluscs, whether in shell or not, live, fresh, chilled, frozen, dried, salted or in brine; aquatic

	invertebrates other than crustaceans and molluscs, live, fresh, chilled, frozen, dried, salted or in brine; flours, meals and pellets of aquatic invertebrates other than crustaceans, fit for human consumption
From group 4	DAIRY PRODUCE; BIRDS' EGGS; NATURAL HONEY; EDIBLE PRODUCTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN, NOT ELSEWHERE SPECIFIED OR INCLUDED
0401	Milk and cream, not concentrated nor containing added sugar or other sweetening matter
0402	Milk and cream, concentrated or containing added sugar or other sweetening matter
0403	Buttermilk, curdled milk and cream, yogurt, kephir and other fermented or acidified milk and cream, whether or not concentrated or containing added sugar or other sweetening matter or flavoured or containing added fruit, nuts or cocoa
0404	Whey, whether or not concentrated or containing added sugar or other sweetening matter; products consisting of natural milk constituents, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter, not elsewhere specified or included
0405	Butter and other fats and oils derived from milk; dairy spreads
0406	Cheese and curd
0407 00	Birds' eggs, in shell, fresh, preserved or cooked
0408	Birds' eggs, not in shell, and egg yolks, fresh, dried, cooked by steaming or by boiling in water, moulded, frozen or otherwise preserved, whether or not containing added sugar or other sweetening matter
0409 00 000 00	Natural honey
0410 00 000 00	Edible products of animal origin, not elsewhere specified or included
From group 5	PRODUCTS OF ANIMAL ORIGIN, NOT ELSEWHERE SPECIFIED OR INCLUDED
0502	Pigs', hogs' or boars' bristles and hair; badger hair and other brush making hair; waste of such bristles or hair
0503 00 000 00	Horsehair and horsehair waste, whether or not put up as a layer with or without
0504 00 000 00	Guts, bladders and stomachs of animals (other than fish), whole and pieces thereof, fresh, chilled, frozen, salted, in brine, dried or smoked
0505	Skins and other parts of birds, with their feathers or down, feathers and parts of feathers (whether or not with trimmed edges) and down, not further worked than

	cleaned, disinfected or treated for preservation; powder and waste of feathers or parts of feathers
0506	Bones and horn-cores, unworked, defatted, simply prepared (but not cut to shape), treated with acid or degelatinised; powder and waste of these products
0507	Ivory, tortoiseshell, whalebone and whalebone hair, horns, antlers, hooves, nails, claws and beaks, unworked or simply prepared but not cut to shape; powder and waste of these products
0508 00 000 00	Coral and similar materials, unworked or simply prepared but not otherwise worked; shells of molluscs, crustaceans or echinoderms and cuttle-bone, unworked or simply prepared but not cut to shape, powder and waste thereof
0510 00 000 00	Ambergris, castoreum, civet and musk; cantharides; bile, whether or not dried; glands and other animal products used in the preparation of pharmaceutical products, fresh, chilled, frozen or otherwise provisionally preserved
0511	Animal products not elsewhere specified or included; dead animals of Chapter 1 or 3, unfit for human consumption
From group 10	CEREALS
1001	Wheat and meslin
1002 00 000 00	Rye (For fodder)
1003 00	Barley (For fodder)
1004 00 000 00	Oats (For fodder)
1005	Maize (corn) (For fodder)
1006	Rice (For fodder)
1007 00	Grain sorghum (For fodder)
1008	Buckwheat, millet and canary seed; other cereals (For fodder)
From group 12	OIL SEEDS AND OLEAGINOUS FRUITS; MISCELLANEOUS GRAINS, SEEDS AND FRUIT; INDUSTRIAL OR MEDICINAL PLANTS; STRAW AND FODDER
1213 00 000 00	Cereal straw and husks, unprepared, whether or not chopped, ground, pressed or in the form of pellets
1214	Swedes, mangolds, fodder roots, hay, lucerne (alfalfa), clover, sainfoin, forage kale, lupines, vetches and similar forage products, whether or not in the form of pellets

From group 15	ANIMAL OR VEGETABLE FATS AND OILS AND THEIR CLEAVAGE PRODUCTS; PREPARED EDIBLE FATS; ANIMAL OR VEGETABLE WAXES
1501 00	Pig fat (including lard) and poultry fat, other than that of heading 0209 or 1503
1502 00	Fats of bovine animals, sheep or goats, other than those of heading 1503
1503 00	Lard stearin, lard oil, oleostearin, oleo-oil and tallow oil, not emulsified or mixed or otherwise prepared
1504	Fats and oils and their fractions, of fish or marine mammals, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified
1505	Wool grease and fatty substances derived therefrom (including lanolin)
1506 00 000 00	Other animal fats and oils and their fractions, whether or not refined, but not chemically modified
1516 10	Animal or vegetable fats and oils and their fractions
1517 10	Margarine (other than vegetable one) excluding liquid margarine
1518 00	Animal fats and oils and their fractions, boiled, oxidised, dehydrated, sulphurised, blown, polymerised by heat in vacuum or in inert gas or otherwise chemically modified, excluding those of heading 1516; inedible mixtures or preparations of animal or vegetable fats or oils or of fractions of different fats or oils of this chapter, not elsewhere specified or included
1521	Vegetable waxes (other than triglycerides), beeswax, other insect waxes and spermaceti, whether or not refined or coloured
1522 00	Degras; residues resulting from the treatment of fatty substances or animal or vegetable waxes
From group 16	PREPARATIONS OF MEAT, OF FISH OR OF CRUSTACEANS, MOLLUSCS OR OTHER AQUATIC INVERTEBRATES
1601 00	Sausages and similar products, of meat, meat offal or blood; food preparations based on these products
1602	Other prepared or preserved meat, meat offal or blood
1603 00	Extracts and juices of meat, fish or crustaceans, molluscs or other aquatic invertebrates
1604	Prepared or preserved fish; caviar (sturgeon roe) and caviar substitutes prepared from fish eggs
1605	Crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic invertebrates, prepared or preserved



From group 21	MISCELLANEOUS EDIBLE PREPARATIONS
2104 10	Soups and broths and preparations therefore; homogenized composite food preparations
2105 00	Ice cream and other edible ice, whether or not containing cocoa
2106 90 100 00	Melted cheese
From group 23	RESIDUES AND WASTE FROM THE FOOD INDUSTRIES; PREPARED ANIMAL FODDER
2301	Flours, meals and pellets, of meat or meat offal, of fish or of crustaceans, molluscs or other aquatic invertebrates, unfit for human consumption; greaves
2302	Bran, sharps and other residues, whether or not in the form of pellets, derived from the sifting, milling or other working of cereals or of leguminous plants
2303	Residues of starch manufacture and similar residues, beet-pulp, (bagasse) and other waste of sugar manufacture, brewing or distilling dregs and waste, whether or not in the form of pellets
2305 00 000 00	Oilcake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of groundnut oil
2306	Oilcake and other solid residues, whether or not ground or in the form of pellets, resulting from the extraction of vegetable fats or oils, other than those of heading 2304 or 2305
2308	Vegetable materials and vegetable waste, vegetable residues and by-products, whether or not in the form of pellets, of a kind used in animal feeding, not elsewhere specified or included
2309	Preparations of a kind used in animal feeding
From group 30	PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS
3002	animal blood prepared for therapeutic, prophylactic or diagnostic uses; antisera and other blood fractions and modified immunological products, whether or not obtained by means of biotechnological processes; vaccines, toxins, cultures of micro-organisms (excluding yeasts) and similar products (other than products under 3002 10 950, 3002 20 000 and 3002 90 100 sub-positions)

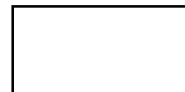
From group 41	RAW HIDES AND SKINS (OTHER THAN FURSKINS) AND LEATHER
4101	Raw hides and skins of bovine (including buffalo) or equine animals (fresh, or salted, dried, limed, pickled or otherwise preserved, but not tanned, parchment-dressed or further prepared), whether or not dehaired or split
4102	Raw skins of sheep or lambs (fresh, or salted, dried, limed, pickled or otherwise preserved, but not tanned, parchment-dressed or further prepared), whether or not with wool on or split, other than those excluded by note 1(c) to this group
4103	Other raw hides and skins (fresh, or salted, dried, limed, pickled or otherwise preserved, but not tanned, parchment-dressed or further prepared), whether or not dehaired or split, other than those excluded by note 1(b) or 1(c) to this group
4104	Tanned or crust hides and skins of bovine (including buffalo) or equine animals, without hair on, whether or not split, but not further prepared
	- In the wet state (including wet-blue)
4104 11	- Full grains, unsplit; grain splits
4104 11 100 00	- Whole bovine (including buffalo) hides and skins, of a unit surface area not exceeding 28 square feet (2,6 m <sup>2</sup> )
	- - - Other:
	- Of bovine (including buffalo) animals
4104 11 510 00	- - - - Whole hides and skins, of a unit surface area exceeding 2,6 m <sup>2</sup> (28 square feet)
4104 11 590 00	- - - - - Other:
4104 11 900 00	- - - - Other:
4104 19	- - Other:
4104 19 100 00	- - - Whole bovine (including buffalo) hides and skins, of a unit surface area not exceeding 2,6 m <sup>2</sup> (28 square feet)
	- - - Other:
	- - - - Of bovine (including buffalo) animals:

4104 19 510 00	- - - - - Whole hides and skins, of a unit surface area exceeding 2,6 m <sup>2</sup> (28 square feet)
4104 19 590 00	- - - - - Other
4104 19 900 00	- - - - - Other
	----- In the dry state (crust)
4104 41	- - Full grains, unsplit; grain splits
	- - - Whole bovine (including buffalo) hides and skins, of a unit surface area not exceeding 2,6 m <sup>2</sup> (28 square feet)
4104 41 110 00	- - East India kip, whole, whether or not the heads and legs have been removed, each of a net weight of not more than 4,5 kg, not further prepared than vegetable tanned, whether or not having undergone certain treatments, but obviously unsuitable for immediate use for the manufacture of leather articles
4104 41 190 00	- - - - - Other
	- - - Other
	- - - - - Of bovine (including buffalo) animals:
4104 41 510 00	
4104 41 590 00	- - - - - Other
4104 41 900 00	- - - - - Other
4104 49	- - Other:
	- - - Whole bovine (including buffalo) hides and skins, of a unit surface area not exceeding 2,6 m <sup>2</sup> (28 square feet):
4104 49 110 00	- - - - - East India kip, whole, whether or not the heads and legs have been removed, each of a net weight of not more than 4,5 kg, not further prepared than vegetable tanned, whether or not having undergone certain treatments, but obviously unsuitable for immediate use for the manufacture of leather articles
4104 49 190 00	- - - - - Other
	- - - Other:
	- - - - - Of bovine (including buffalo) animals:
4104 49 510 00	- - - - - Whole bovine (including buffalo) hides and skins, of a unit surface area not exceeding 2,6 m <sup>2</sup> (28 square feet):
4104 41 590 00	- - - - - Other:

4104 41 900 00	- - - - Other:
4105	Tanned or crust skins of sheep or lambs, without wool on, whether or not split, but not further prepared
4105 10	---- In the wet state (including wet-blue):
4105 10 100 00	- - Not split
4105 10 900 00	- - split
4105 30	- In the dry state (crust):
4105 30 100 00	- - Vegetable pre-tanned Indian hair sheep, whether or not having undergone certain treatments, but obviously unsuitable for immediate use for the manufacture of leather articles
	- - - Other:
4105 30 910 00	- - - Not split
4105 30 990 00	- - - split
From group 43	FURSKINS AND ARTIFICIAL FUR; MANUFACTURES THEREOF
4301	Raw furskins (including heads, tails, paws and other pieces or cuttings, suitable for furriers' use), other than raw hides and skins of heading 4101, 4102 or 4103
From group 51	WOOL, FINE OR COARSE ANIMAL HAIR; HORSEHAIR YARN AND WOVEN FABRIC
5101	Wool, not carded or combed
5102	Fine or coarse animal hair, not carded or combed
From group 95	TOYS, GAMES AND SPORTS REQUISITES; PARTS AND ACCESSORIES THEREOF
9508 10 000 00	travelling circuses and travelling menageries;

Annex 2 (1.03.2011 N 103)

Act № 000000 on  
Carrying out State Veterinary Border-Quarantine Control



Name of the commodities -----  
(National commodity nomenclature of the foreign economic activity) code  
Weight ----- Transaction ----- Veterinary certificate № ---  
Permit № ----- seal № ----- on the means of transport

NCNFEC

Documentary checks		
1. Phytosanitary certificate does not comply with the import requirements	Yes -- Yes --	No --1 No --2
2. Data in the documents are consistent	Yes --	No --3
3. Presented documents are incomplete		
Identity checks		
4. The name of the commodities corresponds to the one given in the phytosanitary certificate	Yes --	No --4
5. Transportation conditions are observed	Yes --	No --5
6. The commodities are packed and labeled with the manufacturing and expiry dates.	Yes --	No --6
Physical checks		
7. The commodities have undergone the physical and chemical examination	Yes -- Yes --	No --7 No --8
8. The commodities have undergone sensory examination	Yes --	No --9
9. An additional examination, sampling and laboratory testing are required.		
Decisions:		
10. The commodities comply with the import requirements, import permitted		--10 --11
11. The commodities do not comply with the import conditions, import rejected		--12 --13
12. The commodities subject to the movement to the quarantine storage		
13. An additional laboratory testing is required		

Control started: date ---- ----- time--- ----

Control finished: date ---- ----- time--- ----

Authorized person -----

-----  
(Name, Surname)

(Personal stamp with ID

number)

Remark:

Annex 3. (1.03.2011 N 103)

Border Inspection Post №

Veterinary control has been performed:

d) Documentary checks have been completed;

e) Identity checks have been completed;

f) Physical checks have been completed.

Authorized person: -----  
-----

(Signature)

Date: "-----" ----- 20-----

Annex 4.

Border Inspection Post №

Subject to detention

Authorized person: -----

(Signature)

Date: "----" ----- 20-----

Annex 5.

Border Inspection Post №

X  
Introduction of commodities  
Rejected - Re-dispatched

Authorized person: -----  
-----

(Signature)

Date: "-----" ----- 20-----

Annex 6.

Act №

on

Destruction of Commodities Introduced by Post or by Passenger through Baggage or  
Hand Luggage

"-----"-----

Name of the commodities -----

Quantity (kg) -----

Destruction place -----

Destruction method -----

Commission members:

----- (Name, Surname, Position )	----- (Signature)
----- (Name, Surname, Position )	----- (Signature)
----- (Name, Surname, Position )	----- (Signature)
----- (Name, Surname, Position )	----- (Signature)
----- (Name, Surname, Position )	----- (Signature)

Owner of the commodities	-----	-----
(Signature)	(Name,	Surname)

Remark:

Annex 7

The list on Commodities (with the cost not exceeding 500 GEL) introduced by post or by the passenger through baggage and/or hand luggage where the veterinarian control is not applicable			
Description of Commodities	EU countries as well as the USA, Switzerland, Liechtenstein, Norway	Turkey, Azerbaijan, Armenia, Ukraine, Russian Federation	Other countries
Meat and dairy products ( with no special transportation requirements)	10 kg	5 kg	0
Baby milk powder, baby food and dietary foods for special medical purposes	in reasonable quantities	in reasonable quantities	in reasonable quantities
Fish and fish products (fish, crustaceans, mollusca, other aquarium invertebrates and their products other than caviar)	10 kg	5 kg (If 1 fish is . . . . during fishing then indefinite weight)	5 kg

Red and black caviar	0.2 kg	0.2 kg	0
Other products of animal origin	10 kg	5 kg	2 kg
Feedstuffs of animal origin	10 kg	5 kg	0

Notice : Veterinary control do not apply to the commodities which are introduced (including posting) as trade samples in a little quantity or for exhibitions and are not intended for human consumption.